









ICT Initiatives & Research Capacity in Senegal

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E-Senegal Vision

E-Vision Senegal aims to:

- 1. Put the citizens and businesses within the concerns of the government,
- 2. Allow access for all citizens to information,
- 3. Meet the performance needs of the State and the needs of information for decision makers.
 - **→** Double transition
 - 1. Government to e-government
 - 2. Citizen to e-citizen











E-Senegal Vision

Strategic axis	Creation of Implemented Agency
Infrastructures & Information System	Agence De l'Informatique de l'Etat
ICT policy	Ministère des Technologies de l'Information et de la Communication
Regulatory & Legal Framework	Agence de Régulation des Télécommunications et des Postes
Promotion of investments	Agence Nationale chargée de la Promotion des Investissements et des Grands Travaux
ICT & Teleservices as cluster growth	Secrétariat Permanent Stratégie de Croissance Accélérée











Selected ICT Indicators &Outcomes

- Telecoms operator : 3 (Orange, Tigo & Expresso)
- International Bandwidth: 4,2 Gbps (june 2009)
- Internet users: 1.020.000 (30 juin 2009)
- Number of mobile subscribers : 6.901.492 (31 décembre 2009)
- Mobile Penetration rate : 56,70% (31 décembre 2009)

Population (in millions): 12,2 in 2008











Selected ICT Indicators & Outcomes

- Physical Interconnection of Government and administration buildings
 - Interconnect by WIMAX 665 administrative building located in 35 departments
 - Local Network (LAN) in all 665 buildings using WiFi or Ethernet.
 - Videoconference platform between 11 regions
 - Interconnection of the 5 public universities.
 - Data centre building in the Cybervillage
 - 3000 km of own Fiber Optic Cables
- Universal Service Fund : Consider Internet and telephony as integral part of a universal service



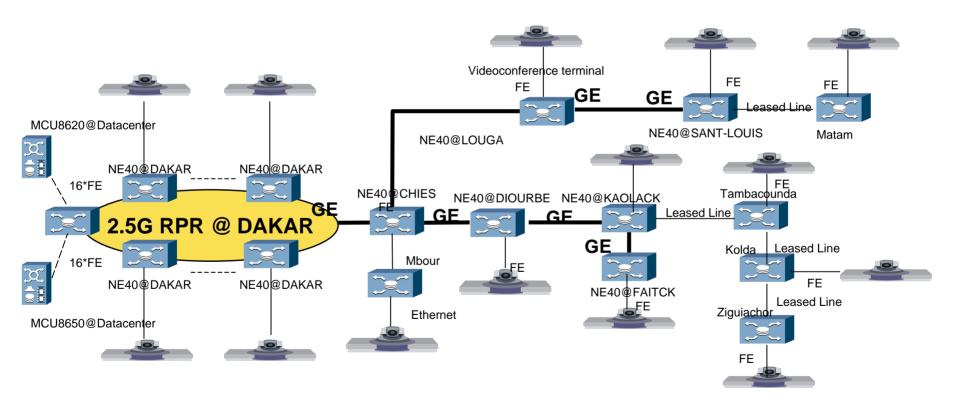








VideoConference Architecture













Selected ICT Indicators &Outcomes

Legal framework:

- Law No. 2008-08 on electronic transactions
- Law No. 2008-12 on the Protection of Personal Data
- Law No. 2008-11 on Cybercrime
- Law No. 2008-10 on the orientation law on the Information Society
- Draft decree on electronic communications made for the implementation of law no. 2008-08 of January 25, 2008 ON ELECTRONIC TRANSACTIONS
- DRAFT decree on the implementation of law no. 2008-12, dated january 25, 2008 on the protection of personal data
- Draft decree on electronic commerce made for the implementation of law no. 2008-08 of january 25, 2008 on electronic transactions
- Draft decree on the electronic certification made for the implementation of law no. 2008-08 of january 25, 2008 on electronic transactions











ICT constraints over the period 2006-2010

- Absence of an observatory to monitor ICT sector;
- Absence of a reference document for the national strategy for ICT development;
- Low public financial resources allocated to the ICT sector (lack of access of local private sector to public, inadequate budgets for public structures in charge of ICT);
- Absence of a single strategic framework for ICT governance (authority, human and financial resources);
- Delay in the implementation of the Development Fund of the Universal Service;
- High rates of access to services and facilities Telecoms / ICT;











ICT Capacity Research & Initiatives

- 1. eGovernment (policies, etc.)
- 2. eHealth (telemedecine)
- eScience : Grid Computer (Unesco, HP);
- 4. e-Infrastructure : National Research and Education Network (ongoing project) ;
- 5. eLearning
- 5. Cybervillage project started
- ICT incubator project with Infodev
- 7. Science & Technology Park project with ICT as main activity sector











ICT constraints over the period 2006-2010

- Low level of education and equipment for households and individuals in Senegal;
- Difficult access to finance for enterprises in the ICT sector outside Telecom Operators;
- Virtual absence of research and development of the ICT sector;
- Inadequacy of the framework of implementation of Public Private Partnership (PPP) in the ICT sector;
- Lack of support and promotion of local expertise;
- Absence of forward-looking approach in training;
- insufficiency in the energy supply at national level.











ICT Strategic Axis 2011-2015

- 1. Establish a strategic framework for development of ICT in the digital economy;
- Improving the functioning of the administration and facilitation of access to public services in an integrated and secure system;
- 3. Creating conditions for development of the ICT industry and human resource capacity adapted to market needs;
- 4. Use of ICT in all sectors to accelerate economic and social development.











